



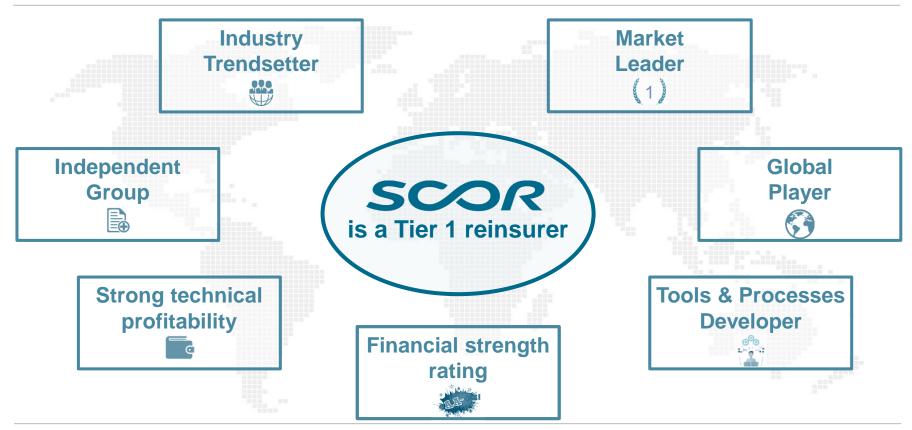
Denis Kessler Chairman & CEO of SCOR SE 27 April 2016



SCOR reconfirms its Tier 1 position by accomplishing major achievements



SCOR is a global Tier 1 reinsurer





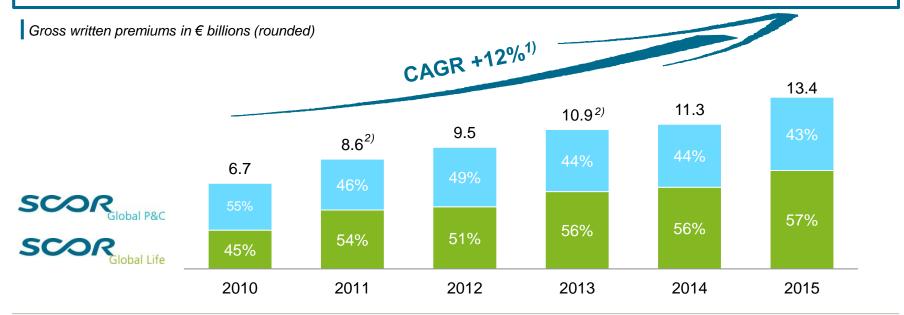
SCOR is a market leader, continuously expanding its franchise, while maintaining very strong diversification between Life and P&C







in 160 countries



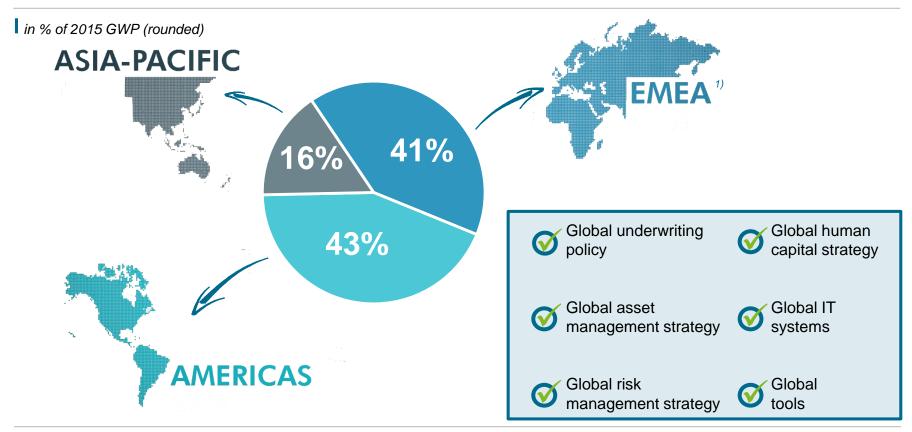
SCOR

¹⁾ Compound Annual Growth Rate between 2010 and 2015

²⁾ On a pro-forma basis



SCOR is a global player with a geographically well-balanced book of business







SCOR constantly develops and invests in new tools and processes to successfully execute its strategy



State-of-the-art internal model

- ☐ First full model approved in Europe
- "Home-grown" internal model developed for more than 10 years
- Built and managed internally, on the basis of SCOR's experience and the expertise of the Group's teams
- Reflecting SCOR's risk profile
- Key for operating the business
- Enabling a strong link between risk and solvency management
- ☐ Facilitating management decisions



Global tool architecture

- Business development tools: Velogica (distribution solution), Forewriter (underwriting platform), CatPlatform (monitor cat exposure), etc.
- □ Risk management tools: GIM (Group Internal Model), Forewriter (underwriting platform), etc.
- ☐ Talent management tools: SCOR University
- ☐ Finance and management tools: One Ledger (global accounting solution), Omega (global information system), Simcorp (global investment tool)





All rating agencies give a positive assessment of SCOR's current financial strength and capitalization, confirming its Tier 1 position



S T A N D A R D & P O O R'S



"Very strong capital and earnings, strong financial profile and exceptional liquidity"



FitchRatings



"Very strong level of capitalization"







"Robust risk-adjusted capitalization, resilient overall earnings"



Moody's

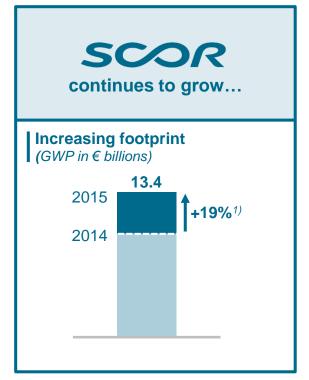


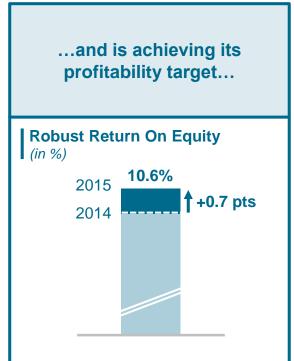
"Consistently good profitability with a very low level of volatility, strong financial flexibility"

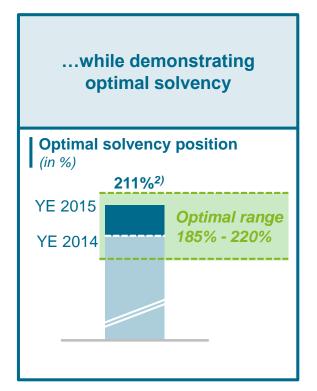




SCOR is growing profitably, with a strong and optimal solvency level







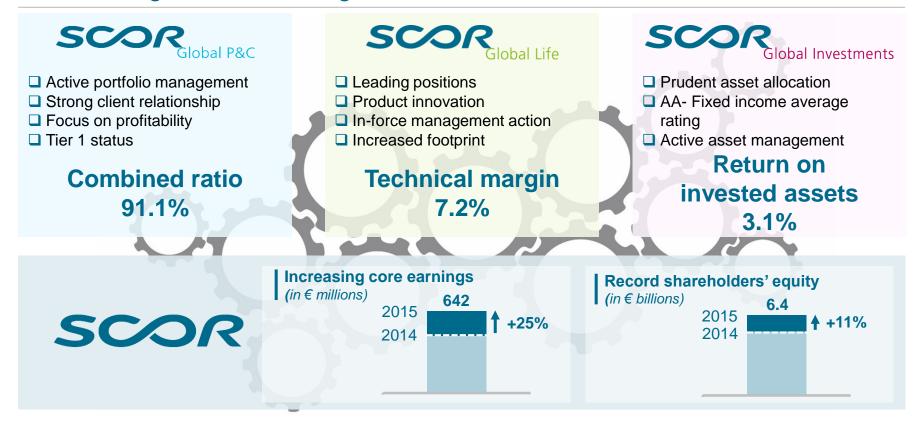


^{1) +18.6%} at current FX and +6.4% at constant FX, compared to 2014

²⁾ The 211% adjusted solvency ratio allows for the intended calls of the two debts callable in Q3 2016 (the 6.154% undated deeply subordinated EUR 257 million notes callable in July 2016 and the 5.375% fixed to floating rate undated subordinated CHF 650 million notes callable in August 2016), subject to the evolution of market conditions and supervisory approval. The solvency ratio based on Solvency II requirements is 231% at year-end 2015



SCOR's excellent earnings quality results from the dynamic management of its engines







SCOR delivers a strong start in 2016, on track with its "Optimal Dynamics" strategic plan



Combined ratio **89.7%**



Technical margin **7.1%**



Return on invested assets 3.3%



Return on equity of
11.2%
in Q1 2016
> 1,000 bps above RFR¹⁾

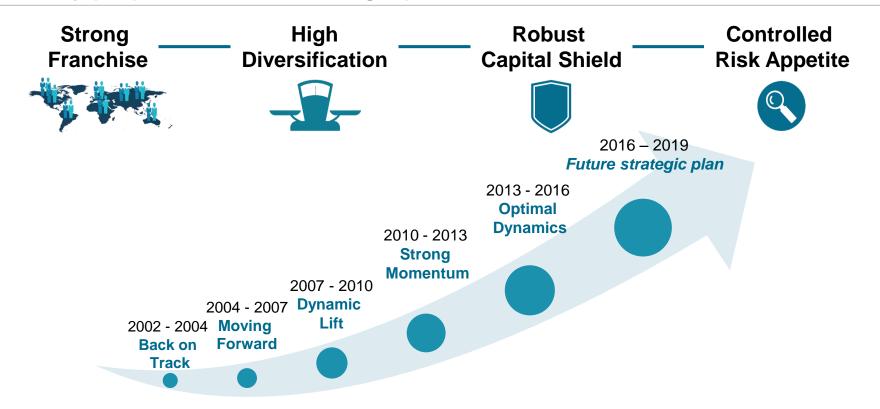
Q1 2016 adjusted solvency ratio at **202%**²⁾ within the optimal range of 185%-220%



Note: all figures are as at 31/03/2016

) Three-month risk-free rates

In 2016, SCOR completes the execution of "Optimal Dynamics" and actively prepares its new strategic plan

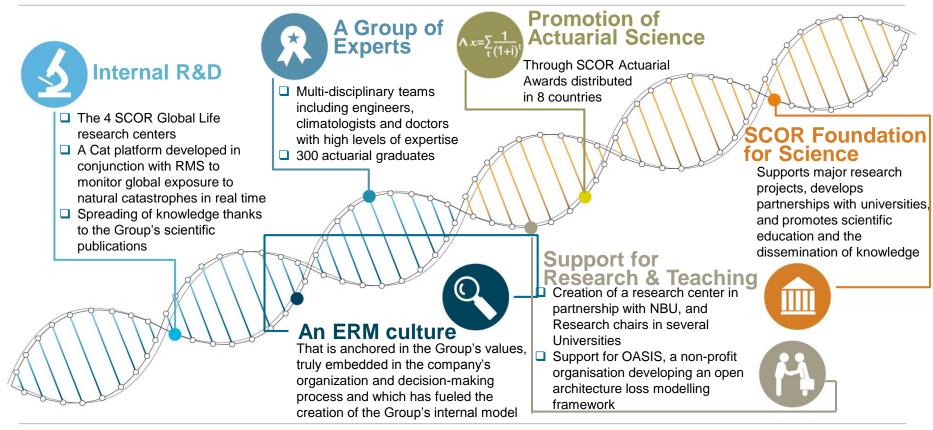






SCOR combines technical expertise and experience along with scientific developments to underwrite risks

SCOR: "The Art & Science of Risk"





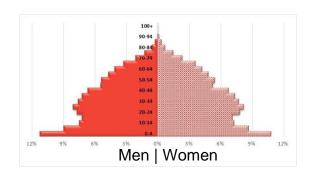


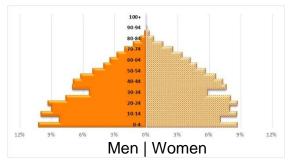


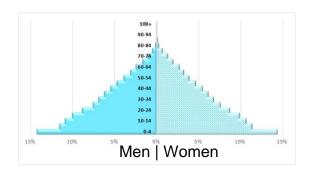
Daria Ossipova Head of R&D longevity & morbidity, SCOR Global Life SE



The world's population is ageing and life expectancy is steadily increasing

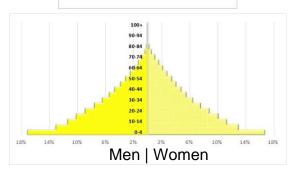


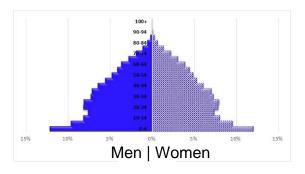






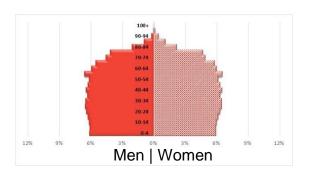


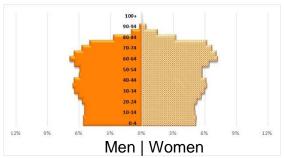


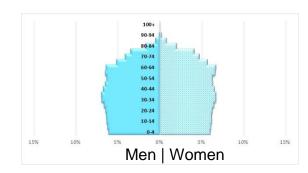




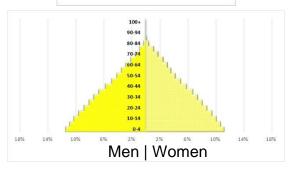
The world's population is ageing and life expectancy is steadily increasing

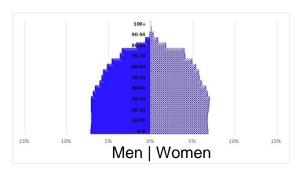








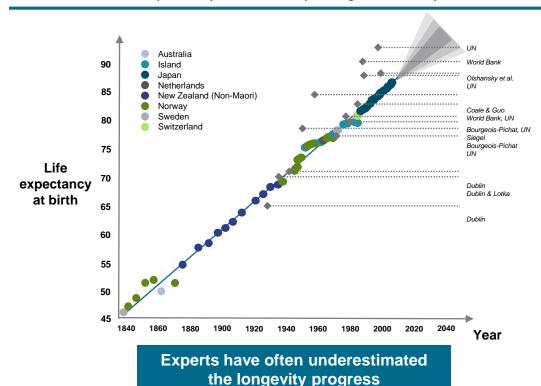






The constant increase in life expectancy poses a risk to the value of pension, long-term care and health obligations

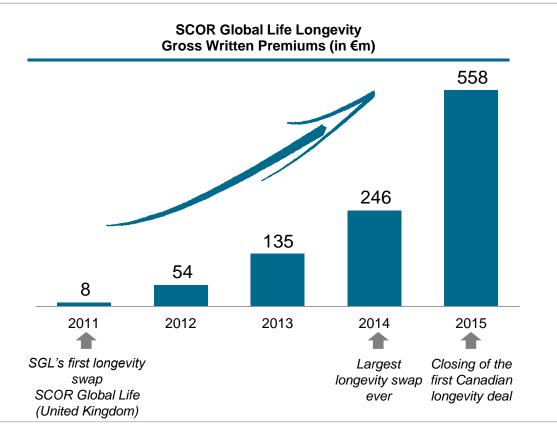
Life expectancy at birth is improving consistently



- □ The global record of life expectancy at birth observed each year is represented by a point on the graph (one colour per country)
- ☐ Historically, many experts have assumed that there is a limit to life expectancy (horizontal lines); observations have proved them wrong
- Over the past 150 years, life expectancy has increased by three months each quarter
- ☐ There is a genuine uncertainty regarding the future trend



The demographic change creates opportunities for reinsurance. Thanks to its expertise, SCOR provides solutions to face longevity risk

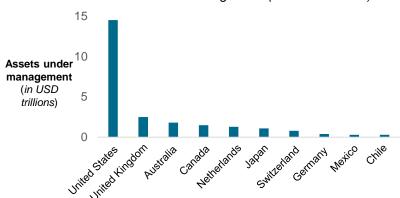




The potential longevity risk market is large, so reinsurers must use their capacity with caution

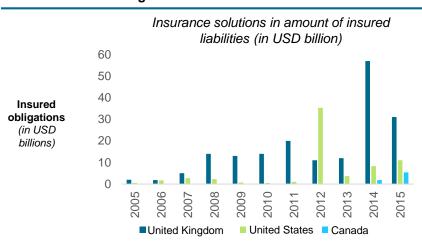
A major potential for longevity risk transfer

The 10 largest private pension fund systems by assets under management (in USD trillions¹⁾)



- □ If we consider that roughly 60% of these pension funds have defined benefit schemes, ~USD 16,000 billion is exposed to longevity risk
- □ During the past decade, about USD 200 billion of longevity liabilities has been transferred to the United Kingdom, and about USD 70 billion in Canada

Existing reinsurance longevity market in the United Kingdom and in North America



□ United Kingdom

 Transactions covering all risks ("buy-out or buy-in") or only biometric risks ("swaps")

□ United States

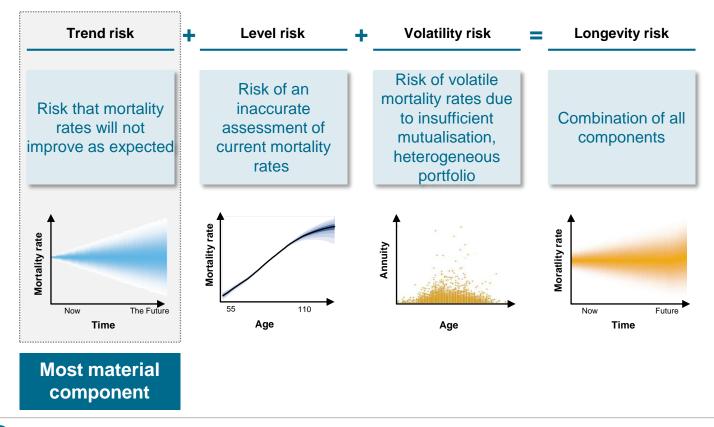
Transactions covering all risks ("buy-out or buy-in")

□ Canada

Recent transactions under "swap" form



For a pension fund or a (re)insurer, longevity risk consists of three components. Trend is the most material of these



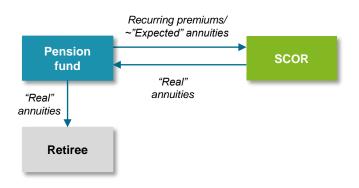


Controlled risk approach: longevity swaps cover only biometric risk, on aged portfolios with annuity payments already underway

Longevity swaps cover biometric risk: Exchange of "expected" annuities against "real" annuities

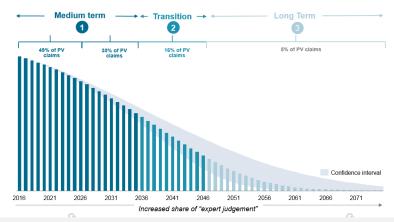
SCOR covers only annuities which are already being paid, via longevity swaps, and limits risks

Longevity swap structure



- ☐ Pension fund only transfers longevity biometric risk
- □ A flow of "expected" annuities is exchanged against a variable flow of "real" annuities, which depend on the real mortality of retirees, members of the pension fund
- ☐ Financial risk remains in the pension fund

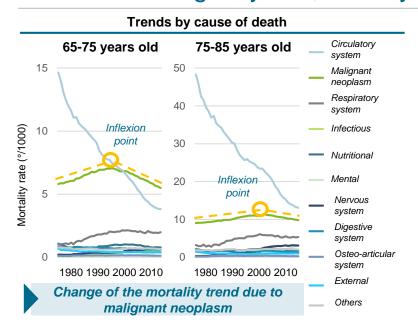
Current value of claims



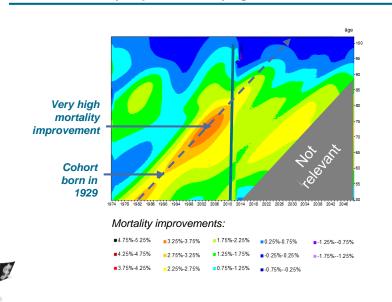
- Better control of amounts payable in the event of survival for annuity payments underway— no non-programmed payments
- By choosing aged portfolios, SCOR limits very uncertain liabilities based entirely on expert judgements
 - Trend risk increases with the projection horizon



SCOR uses advanced qualitative and quantitative analysis methodologies to evaluate longevity risk, notably the trend component



Mortality improvement by age/date of birth



Qualitative analysis: understand figures

Analyzing drivers of past, current and possible future improvements: cause of death analysis, consultations with medical doctors. literature review



Numerical analysis: determine driver for change

Using statistical tools and modelling techniques to see what data tells us and what it doesn't, estimating the impact of assumptions made





Cyber Risk

Didier Parsoire
Chief Underwriting Officer, Cyber Solutions
SCOR Global P&C SE

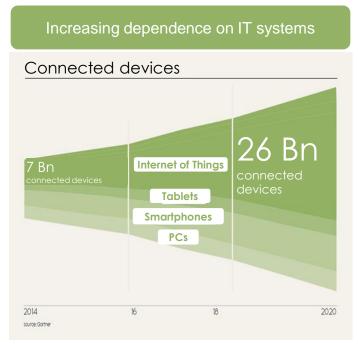


Cyber Risk: A consistently changing immaterial risk with real impacts





Growing exposure to cyber risk

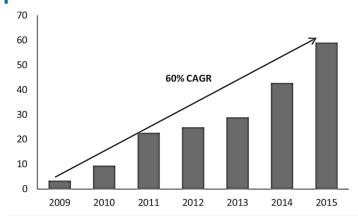




High growth
of Cyber
incidents and
heavy impact
on the
economy



Total number of cyber security incidents (in million)1)





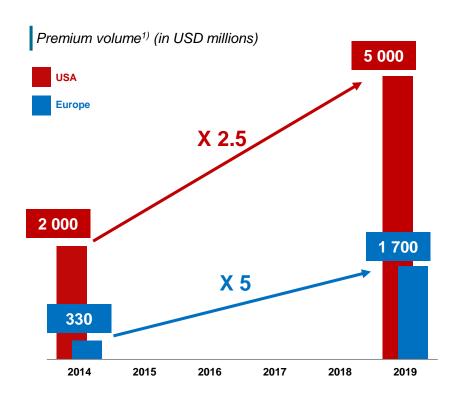
Organizations ill prepared for Cyber attacks



2) Source: CSIS & Juniper

Source: PwC Global State of Information Security Survey 2015 & 2016

High development potential for the Cyber insurance market



Growth drivers in the insurance market

- Increased awareness of risk
- Development of regulation (personal data, critical infrastructure) and notably of incident notification requirements
- Corporate governance
- Low penetration rate of insurance products (property, casualty and crisis management)



SCOR's exposure to cyber risk is well managed



SCOR consistently improves its Cybersecurity

- In 2012, SCOR started a major program to improve its cyber security: the "Data Protection Program", which includes a staff awareness section
- Currently in phase 3, the program implements new access controls, and reinforces the general security of SCOR's IT environment



Cyber Protection Systems

- SCOR has implemented systems and security tools meeting financial sector standards: antiviruses, firewalls, cloud, etc
- In addition to this, SCOR's IT network is continuously controlled by a Security Operation Center

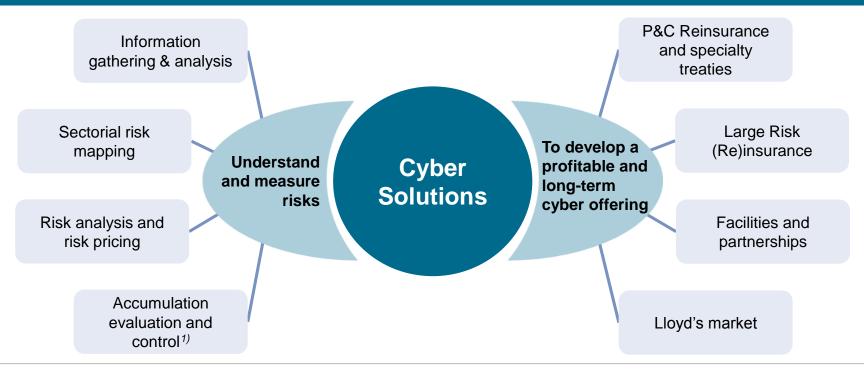


SCOR is protected by Cyber insurance cover

 Depending on the type of event affecting SCOR's data and systems, the insurance program covers SCOR's own damage, third party liability and costs and services related to crisis management

SCOR is a player in the construction of the Cyber market

Cyber Solutions: a team of experts supporting SCOR Global P&C's underwriters





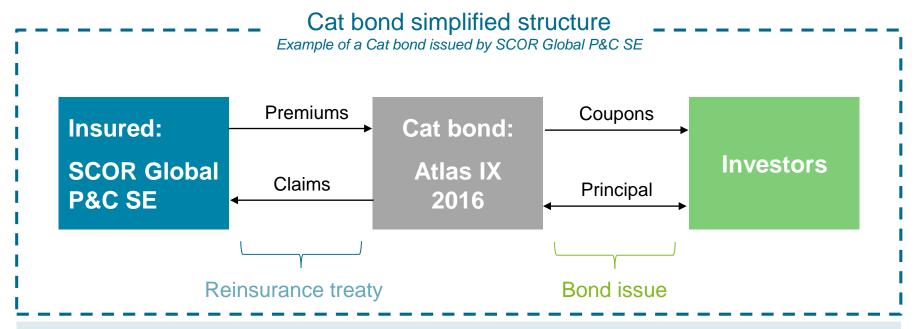


Cat bonds at SCOR

Emmanuel Grandjean Models and Accumulations Manager, SCOR Global P&C SE



Cat bond structure

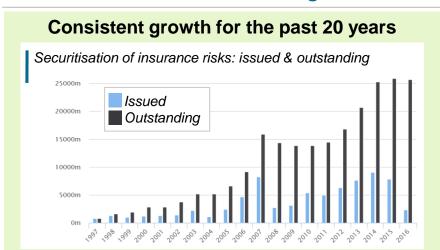


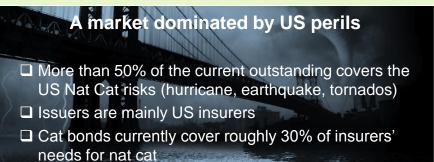


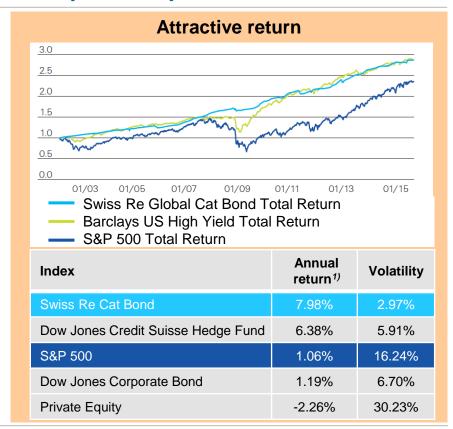
- Secured collateral¹⁾:
 - The principal of the bond issue pays potential claims
 - It is invested in very low credit risk funds



The cat bond market has grown consistently, notably since 2005

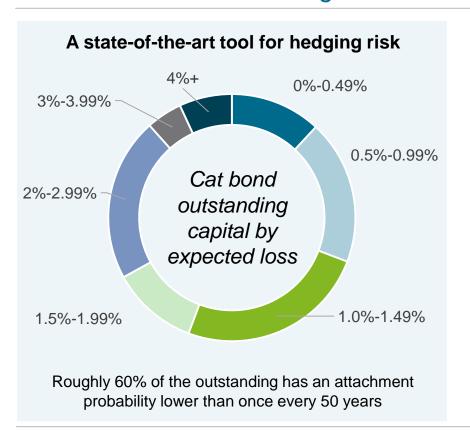


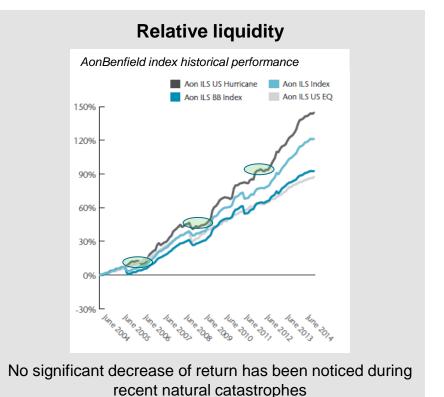






The cat bond market has grown consistently, notably since 2005







Cat bonds at SCOR: a retrocession tool



SCOR has issued Cat bonds for its retrocession¹⁾ since 2000

- Mainly in P&C but also an issuance in Life
- More than USD 2.2 billion issued since 2000.
- Thanks to longstanding Cat bond issuer experience, SCOR is able to
 - Simplify issuance
 - Reduce costs
 - Improve Cat bond characteristics better



For SCOR, this is a risk transfer tool complementary to traditional solutions for extreme risks

- Counterparty diversification
- Attractive price level
- Long period of protection (at least 3 years)
- No credit risk (transaction collateralized²⁾ to 100%)

| Cat bonds issued by SCOR | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Closin g Date | Issuer | Perils | Term (years) |
| Jan-16 | Atlas IX Capital | USA HU/EQ, CA EQ | 4 |
| Feb-15 | Atlas IX Capital | USA HU/EQ, CA EQ | 4 |
| Sep-13 | Atlas IX Capital | US Mortality | 5 |
| Nov-12 | Atlas Reinsurance VII | USA HU / EQ and Europe WS | 3 |
| | Atlas VI Capital | USA HU / EQ and Europe WS | 3 |
| Dec-10 | Atlas VI Capital | Europe WS and Japan EQ | 3.5 |
| Dec-09 | Atlas VI Capital | Europe WS and Japan EQ | 3.5 |
| Feb-09 | Atlas V Capital | USA HU and EQ | 3 |
| Nov-07 | Atlas Reinsurance IV | Europe WS and Japan EQ | 3 |
| Dec-06 | Atlas Reinsurance III | Europe WS and Japan EQ | 3 |
| Dec-01 | Atlas Reinsurance II | Europe WS and USA / Japan EQ | 3 |
| Mar-00 | Atlas Reinsurance | Europe WS and USA / Japan EQ | 3 |



¹⁾ Retrocession: reinsurance bought by a reinsurer to cover its risks

²⁾ Collateral: amount used as a guarantee of the payment engagement in case of claims

Cat bonds at SCOR: an investment medium for third parties



Thanks to its excellent knowledge of the market, SCOR is able to make this market available to investors, via "Atropos" funds offered by SCOR Investment Partners

"Atropos" funds characteristics at the end of March 2016

- Exist since 2011
- □ USD 508 million under management
 - Split into 3 funds with different risk/return profiles
- 66% invested in Cat bonds
 - 80 different investments
 - Main peril: US hurricane (Florida, Texas, Gulf of Mexico)
- ☐ Average annualized return of between 4.12% and 6.54% since inception

Interest for investors

- Asset diversification
- Decorrelation with traditional financial markets
- Relative liquidity



SCOR, via the "Alternative Solutions" team of SCOR Global P&C, also offers consulting and even intermediary services to its clients (insurers or large companies) who would like to issue a Cat bond





SCOR offers its shareholders an attractive value proposition

SCOR offers its shareholders an attractive value proposition

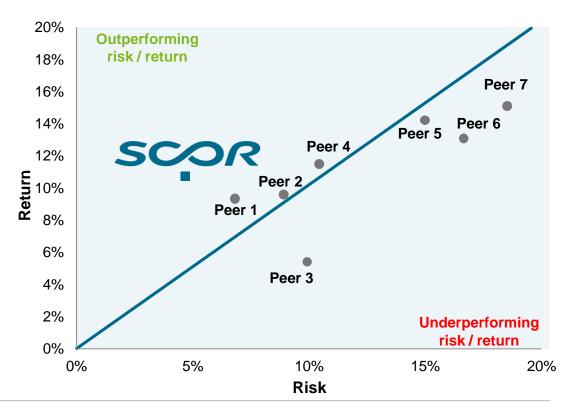
SCOR's value proposition

"To ensure maximum

profitability with optimal

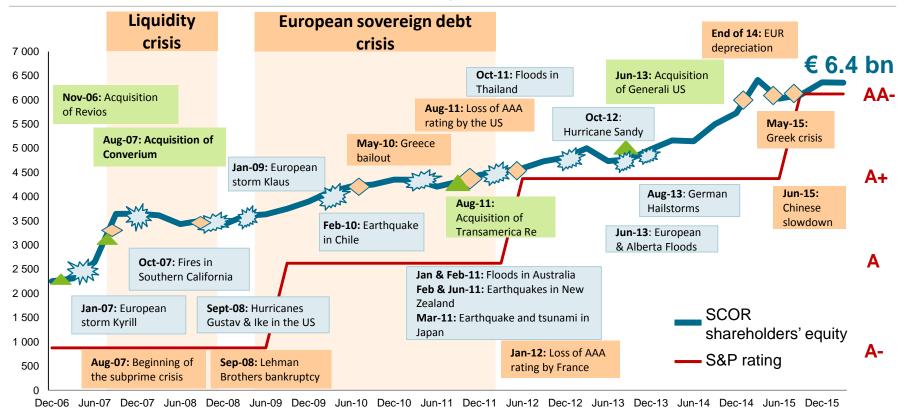
solvency while minimising

volatility"





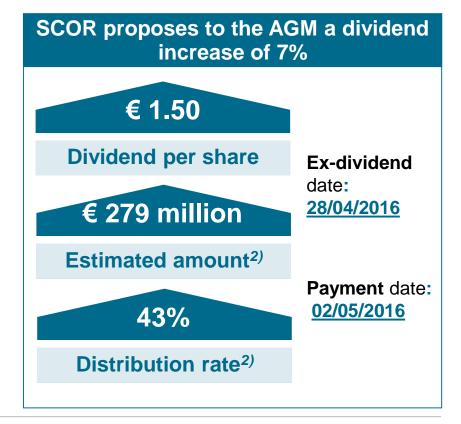
SCOR resists shocks and consistently increases its Net Asset Value





SCOR continues its strong shareholder remuneration policy and increases its dividend by 7%







¹⁾ Subject to vote at the Combined General Meeting

Calculated on the basis of the basic number of shares as of 31/12/2015

SCOR is deeply committed to transparency, alignment and dialogue with its individual shareholders

SCOR is proud to officially announce the launch of its shareholders' Club

SCOR is committed to its shareholders

- □ SCOR wishes to foster exchange and to strengthen the relationship of trust that binds the Group to its shareholders
- ☐ It aims to provide greater proximity, but also to enable individual shareholders to better understand SCOR's business and the reinsurance industry as a whole

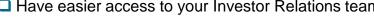
What are the benefits for Club members?

- ☐ Get invited to events dedicated to our individual. shareholders
- Receive our press releases directly by email
- ☐ Receive notification of our financial publications releases
- ☐ Have easier access to your Investor Relations team

Who is concerned by the Club?

- ☐ Individual shareholders holding at least 100 bearer SCOR shares or 1 registered SCOR share
- ☐ As a global player, SCOR's shareholders' Club is accessible to all, via the website in both English and French

Join our shareholders' Club: www.SCOR.com





Disclaimer

Forward-looking statements

SCOR does not communicate "profit forecasts" in the sense of Article 2 of (EC) Regulation n°809/2004 of the European Commission. Thus, any forward-looking statements contained in this communication should not be held as corresponding to such profit forecasts. Information in this communication may include "forward-looking statements", including but not limited to statements that are predictions of or indicate future events, trends, plans or objectives, based on certain assumptions and include any statement which does not directly relate to a historical fact or current fact. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words or phrases such as, without limitation, "anticipate", "assume", "believe", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "foresee", "intend", "may increase" and "may fluctuate" and similar expressions or by future or conditional verbs such as, without limitations, "will", "should", "would" and "could." Undue reliance should not be placed on such statements, because, by their nature, they are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause actual results, on the one hand, to differ from any results expressed or implied by the present communication, on the other hand.

Please refer to SCOR's Document de référence filed with the AMF on 4 March 2016 under number D – 16.0108 (the "Document de référence"), for a description of certain important factors, risks and uncertainties that may affect the business of the SCOR Group. As a result of the extreme and unprecedented volatility and disruption of the current global financial crisis, SCOR is exposed to significant financial, capital market and other risks, including movements in interest rates, credit spreads, equity prices, and currency movements, changes in rating agency policies or practices, and the lowering or loss of financial strength or other ratings.

The Group's financial information is prepared on the basis of IFRS and interpretations issued and approved by the European Union. This financial information does not constitute a set of financial statements for an interim period as defined by IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

