SCOR GROUP Q1 2009 Results

SCOR continues to deliver solid results



Notice

Certain statements contained in this presentation are forward-looking statements, of necessity provisional, that are based on risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those in such statements.

As a result of the extreme and unprecedented volatility and disruption, SCOR is exposed to significant financial, capital market and other risks, including movements in interest rates, credit spreads, equity prices, and currency movements, changes in rating agency policies or practices, and the lowering or loss of financial strength or other ratings.

Additional information regarding risks and uncertainties is set forth in the 2008 reference document ("Document de Référence").

The presented Q1 2009 financial results are Unaudited.

The Group's financial information is prepared on the basis of IFRS and interpretations issued and approved by the European Union.

Sums and variations (percentage changes) contained in this presentation are calculated on complete figures (including decimals), therefore the presentation might contain immaterial incongruences due to rounding.







SCOR: pursuing a consistent and prudent strategy



SCOR has consistently created shareholder value during the financial market crisis, demonstrating its solid fundamentals



SCOR consistently created shareholder value during the last three years



Source: Bloomberg. Based on April 22, 2009. Sample includes Munich Re, Swiss Re, Hannover Re, Generali and Allianz

(1- Dividend paid in 2008

(2- NAV = Net Asset Value = Shareholders' equity

B- Growth in book value plus dividends measured as return of book value per share, adding dividend per share, between 2006 and 2008 – all data from Bloomberg

(4- Standard deviation of the above mentioned growth (calculated for the 2006-2008 period)

SCOR's strategy well-perceived and rewarded by major stakeholders



1	Q1 2009 key highlights
2	SCOR delivers solid Q1 2009 results
3	SCOR actively monitors the environment



Q1 2009 financial highlights

Return on equity (ROE) of 11.1% despite financial crisis and high natural catastrophe activity

- → Gross written premiums at \in 1 561 million, up 15.4% compared to Q1 2008⁻¹)
- → Solid net income at \in 93 million, with an earnings per share (EPS) at \in 0.52
- → Continued positive profit contribution of business engines:
 - SCOR Global P&C net combined ratio at 99.4%, driven by natural catastrophe losses of €67 million pre tax (9.2 pts of combined ratio); successful turnaround of US operations leads to reactivation of US deferred tax assets for €100 million
 - → SCOR Global Life operating margin at 4.5%; excluding net investment losses the Life operating margin is 6.4%

→ Shareholders' equity increases by €185 million to €3.6 billion; liquidity rises to €4.6 billion

- → Book value per share increases by 5.6% to €20.07
- The application of unchanged accounting rules leads to asset impairments and writedowns of €156 million being recognized in the P&L with limited impact on book value
- The Group provided liquidity to its hybrid issuance (TSSDI € 350 million) resulting in acquisition of own debt of € 70 million at an average price of 40.5%



SCOR generates solid net income in a quarter affected by significant Nat Cat losses and tough financial conditions

in €m	Q1 2009	Q1 2008 ⁻¹⁾	Variation ⁻²⁾	Variation at constant FX
Gross written premiums	1 561	1 353	+15.4%	+12.9%
Net earned premiums	1 345	1 223	+10.0%	+2.1%
Operating result excluding impairments ⁻³⁾	153	157	-2.8%	-8.1%
Net income	93	133	-30.3%	-42.1%
음 Investment income (gross of expenses)	-4	161	-102.6%	
Investment income (gross of expenses) Investment yield (net of expenses)	-0.3%	3.0%	-3.3pts	
ROE	11.1%	15.7%	-4.6pts	
EPS (€)	0.52	0.74	-30.2%	
Book value per share (€)	20.07	20.01	+0.3%	
Operating cash flow	156	53	+195.0%	

ပ္	Gross written premiums	868	736	+18.0%	+17.0%
Ъ	Combined ratio	99.4%	98.4%	+1.0pts	

	و Gross written premiums	693	617	+12.2%	+8.0%
•	Life operating margin	4.5%	7.7%	-3.2pts	

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(1- Adjusted and published

(2- Variation at current exchange rates. Percentage changes contained in this presentation are calculated on complete figures (including decimals); therefore, the presentation might contain immaterial incongruences due to rounding
 (3- Impairments for Q1 2009 are € 156 million; Q1 2008 equivalent is € 31 million

Shareholders' equity 2009 evolution

in €m





(1- Excl. minorities

- (2- Variation of unrealized gains/losses on AFS securities, net of shadow accounting and taxes
- (3- Adverse foreign exchange impacts mainly due to translation adjustments of net asset values of non-Euro denominated subsidiaries

Strong cash flow further increases cash position in Q1 2009

Positive net operating cash flow-

in€m	Q1 2009
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	1 783
Net operating cash flow	156
Net cash flow from investment activities-1)	-37
Net cash flow from financing activities ⁻²⁾	-79
Effect of exchange rate variations on cash flow	35
Total cash flow	74
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	1 857
Short-term investments (i.e. T-bills less than 12 months) classified as "other loans and receivables"	2 702
Total cash and short-term investments	4 559

 Cash and short-term investments position at € 4.6 billion as of 31 March 2009

→ Business model continues to deliver strong cash flow - positive operating cash flow of € 156 million

Additional € 1.2 billion cash flow from maturity and coupons of fixed income portfolio expected in 2009



(1- Investment activities are the acquisition and disposal of assets and other investments not included in cash equivalents. They predominantly include net purchases / disposals of investments

(2- Financing activities are activities that result in changes in the size and composition of the contributed equity and borrowings of the entity. They predominantly include increase in capital, dividends paid by SCOR SE and cash generated by issuance or reimbursement of financial debt

SCOR Global P&C: solid growth coupled with technical profitability



Net combined ratio





- →Q1 2009 figures positively impacted by volume growth in April / July 2008 renewals - overall effect on full year 2009 significantly lower
- →April renewals confirm positive business trends maintaining full year assumptions of 4% - 6% growth
- →Net combined ratio impacted by Nat Cat loss activity in Q1 2009 (€55 million pre-tax from storm Klaus)
- Net attritional ratio benefits from a lower loss activity (-2.0 pts), particularly on large corporate accounts
- Net attritional ratio also benefits from one-off reductions (-1.8 pts) which convert into increased commissions

SCOR Global P&C: April renewals confirm and slightly amplify 1 January renewal hardening trend...



SCOR Global P&C

- → 12% of treaty business up for renewal, primarily in Japan, Korea and India, with CAT lines dominating the April renewals
- Market continued to harden with demand exceeding supply
- →Prices up 4.1% (vs. 3.3% at 1/1), with terms and conditions unchanged
- → Positive effect from rating upgrades
- → Successfully bound € 58 million new premiums, with continued selective and disciplined underwriting, resulting in cancellations worth € 46 million
- New opportunities in Specialty Lines twenty months after Converium integration



1- All figures in this presentation are based on available information as at April 20, 2009; exchange rate: December 31, 2008, unless otherwise stated; all definitions can be found in the appendix, section G

... and show outstanding results with selective developments and strong portfolio management



- Opportunities captured thanks to synergies between Treaty P&C and Specialty Lines
- Engineering sustained worldwide by public infrastructure investments
- Credit & Surety: reduction in Surety demand due to the economic situation, offset by pricing increases pushing the Credit volume
- Agriculture: successful developments for SCOR coupled with increased insurance penetration



- Selective renewals in Japan lead to slightly reduced earthquake and wind exposures
- Growth in Korea and India with increased non proportional rates and increased shares on selected treaties
- Strong portfolio management with US regional companies, with 68% cancellation rate compensated by selective developments

(1- Figures presented for major territories only

SCOR Global P&C US: successful turnaround





SCOR Global Life: life operating margin driven by lower investment returns







- Gross written premiums increased by 12% compared to last year, mainly driven by new business in Asia, France (Prévoyance Re), the US and the Middle East
- → EEV 2008 results of € 1.7 billion (+4% compared to EEV 2007 disclosure) demonstrate resilience of business model and the long-term value creation capacity of SCOR Global Life⁻²⁾
- SCOR Global Life has limited exposure to the financial crisis mainly thanks to its traditional Life reinsurance portfolio, which is far less exposed to changes in the financial markets than Life insurance

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1- Net losses represents the combined effect of asset impairments (€ 23 million), realized gains (€ 9 million) and FX gains (€ 2 million)

(2- Please refer to the presentation "Embedded Value 2008 results" for additional details

SCOR Global Investments: SCOR has been pursuing a prudent strategy since 2007

Decisions taken to protect the asset value since the beginning of the crisis



Reduced equity exposure 8.0% 6.5% 5.0% 3.5% 2.0% Sep-07 Dec-07 Mar-08 Jun-08 Sep-08 Dec-08 Mar-09

- Increased cash and short-term investments and reduced bond portfolio duration
- Concentrated on secure assets:
 - Short-term government bonds to avoid banks' counterparty risk
 - Government-guaranteed bonds issued as part of stimulus packages
- Purchased government inflation-linked bonds
 - Expecting inflation to rise in the medium term
 - → Benefiting from first mover advantage
- Reduced / sold most volatile assets (equities, alternative investments)



SCOR Global Investments: de-risking of investment portfolio has continued in Q1 2009

Total Investments €19 051 million at 31/03/2009



- → Exceptional cash position and short-term investments of € 4.6 billion
- Conservative fixed income portfolio (63% AAA rated, 93% rated A or above)
- → 51% of fixed income portfolio in government or governmentguaranteed bonds
- Short duration of the fixed income portfolio (excluding cash and shortterm investments) - 3.5 years
- Increased government inflationlinked bonds to €660 million

(1- Included in loans and receivables according to IFRS accounting classification

(2- Cash (less than 3 months) € 1 857 million / short-term investments (i.e. OECD bonds, Treasury bills and CD's with a maturity of less than 12 months at the time of purchase) included in loans and receivables € 2 702 million

(3- Including hedge funds, funds of funds and private equity. € 55 million relates to Atlas V

SCOR Global Investments: there is a trade-off between protection of assets vs. short-term profitability

Q1 2009	Q1 2008
18 908	18 758
-14	148
-0.3%	3.2%
-2.0%	3.1%
-4.4%	-0.4%
-0.2%	-0.1%
2.7%	3.6%
-0.3%	-0.4%
	18 908 -14 -0.3% -2.0% -4.4% -0.2% 2.7%

Note: Please see detailed table in appendix on page 34

2009	Q1 2008	
908	18 758	
14	148	
3%	3.2%	
0%	3.1%	

- → Lower recurring yield of 2.7% (excluding funds withheld by cedants, capital gains/losses and FVI net of write-downs) reflects prudence of asset management policy
- Active investment portfolio management leading to realized gains of \in 65 million (of which \in 43 million in fixed income and €19 million in equity), negatively impacted by voluntarily de-risking of the portfolio for €38 million (equities, alternative investments)
- ➔ Unchanged application of impairment rules resulting in asset impairments and write-downs for €156 million, mainly in equities (\in 136 million), recognized in the P&L with limited impact on book value



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SCOR Global Investments will take a cautious inflexion in the investment strategy

Investment portfolio actively de-risked

- Reduced risk of investment portfolio to minimize impact of the crisis by...
 - accumulating an exceptional level of cash
 - moving into more liquid investments
 - reducing volatile investments (alternatives, equity)
 - shortening fixed income duration...
- ... with expectations of further economic deterioration, continuing high volatility in financial markets and growing consensus on inflation comeback after short-term deflationary pressures

Taking market opportunities

- Maintaining the cash portion to the level of shareholders' equity
- Benefiting from the recent steepening of the yield curve in the Government portfolio
- Seizing opportunities on government-guaranteed bonds
- Very selectively re-entering the credit market mainly through highgrade corporate bonds and inflationlinked government bonds
- Confirming the Dynamic Lift V2 investment return assumptions per the FY 2008 result presentation







SCOR will benefit from an excellent operational set-up in a positively trending reinsurance industry...

Changing environment since announcement of strategic plan Dynamic Lift V2 in September 2007

Environment	Consequences	SCOR seizes business opportunities
Positive reinsurance industry outlook	 Industry demonstrates counter-cyclical nature Demand expected to further increase due to further capital depletion at primary insurers Market capacity reduction likely to continue P&C January and April renewals confirm hardening pricing conditions 	 SCOR is fully operational Protecting shareholders' interests through traditional and innovative retro programs Growing organically and actively managing client relationships Leveraging on Life and P&C engines to provide customized client solutions Maintaining very strict ERM policy and processes



...maintaining the current business strategy in a deteriorating economic environment

Changing environment since announcement of strategic plan Dynamic Lift V2 in September 2007

Environment	Consequences		SCOR is on "full alert"
	 Significant slowdown of the global economy 		 Sticking to traditional diversified reinsurance underwriting
Severe	Dramatic financial market plunge with increased volatility and drived up liquidity.		 Following conservative asset management policy to preserve capital level
economic	and dried up liquidity		✓ Strong focus on cash management
and financial market disruption	 → Very low treasury yields → Expected inflation after deflation pressures 		 Monitoring the financial markets for entry points to invest in higher yields after steepening of yield curve
		T	 Taking inflationary trends into account in pricing models and investment decisions

SCOR is geared up for a challenging environment and maintains its strategic focus



APPENDIX

- Appendix A: Consolidated statements of income Q1 2009
- Appendix B: Balance sheet & Cash flow statement
- Appendix C: Calculations of EPS, Book value per share and ROE
- Appendix D: Net liabilities by segments
- Appendix E: Details on invested assets
- Appendix F: Reconciliation of IFRS asset classification to IR presentation
- Appendix G: Definitions of SCOR Global P&C renewals
- Appendix H: 2009 Forthcoming events



Appendix A: Consolidated statement of income

in €m (rounded)	Q1 2009	Q1 2008
Gross written premiums	1 561	1 353
Change in unearned premiums	-64	-37
Gross earned premiums	1 497	1 316
Other income from reinsurance operations	0	-4
Net investment income	-4	161
Total income from ordinary activities	1 493	1 474
Claims and policy benefits	-1 071	-911
Gross commission on earned premiums	-346	-298
Net result from retrocession	-38	-43
Investment management expenses	-10	-13
Acquisition and administrative expenses	-57	-50
Other current operating expenses	-22	-29
Other current operating income	0	0
Total other current operating income and expense	-1 543	-1 344
CURRENT OPERATING RESULTS	-50	130
Goodwill impairment	0	0
Other operating expenses	-1	-3
Other operating income	47	0
OPERATING RESULTS	-3	126
Financing expenses	-17	-15
Income from affiliates	0	2
Restructuring provision	0	0
Income tax	112	21
CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME	93	135
of which Minority interests	0	-2
GROUP NET INCOME	93	133



Appendix A: Q1 2009 consolidated statement of income by segment

in €m (rounded)		Q1 2009				Q1 2008			
	Life	P&C	Intra- Group	Total	Life	P&C	Intra- Group	Total	
Gross written premiums	693	868	0	1 561	61	736	0	1 353	
Change in unearned premiums	2	-66	0	-64	-3	-34	0	-37	
Gross earned premiums	695	802	0	1 497	614	702	0	1 316	
Other income from operations	2	-1	-1	0	1	2	-7	-4	
Of which other income excluded from combined ratio calculation	0	-3	0	-3	0	-5	0	-5	
Investment income	73	58	-1	131	87	92	0	179	
Capital gains/losses on sale of investments	9	18	0	27	0	17	0	17	
Change in fair value of investments entered by fair value through income/loss	-1	-1	0	-3	-21	0	0	-22	
Change in depreciation of investment	-23	-133	0	-156	0	-31	0	-31	
Foreign exchange gains/losses	2	-6	0	-4	2	16	0	18	
Net investment income	61	-64	-1	-4	68	93	0	161	
Total income from ordinary activities	758	737	-2	1 493	684	797	-7	1 474	
Expenses for claims and policy benefits	-539	-531	0	-1 071	-43	′ -474	0	-911	
Gross earned commissions	-174	-171	0	-346	-154	-145	0	-298	
Retroceded gross written premiums	-70	-85	0	-155	-54	-45	0	-99	
Variation in retroceded unearned premiums	-4	6	0	3	-1	7	0	6	
Retroceded earned premiums	-74	-79	0	-152	-55	-38	0	-93	
Retroceded claims	47	30	0	78	30	5	0	35	
Retroceded commissions	36	1	0	37	13	2	0	15	
Net result from retrocession	10	-47	0	-38	-12	-31	0	-43	
Investment management expenses	-2	-8	0	-10	0	-13	0	-13	
Acquisition and administrative expenses	-27	-30	1	-57	-21	-28	0	-50	
Other current operating expenses	-3	-20	1	-22	-15	-21	7	-29	
Other current operating income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total other current income and expenses	-736	-808	1	-1 543	-63	-712	7	-1 344	
CURRENT OPERATING RESULT	21	-71	0	-50	44	85	0	130	
Goodwill variation on acquired assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other operating income / expenses	7	40	0	47	-1	-2	0	-3	
OPERATING RESULT	28	-30	0	-3	43	83	0	126	
Claims ratio		69.2%				70.6%			
Commissions ratio	23.6% 21.5%								
Overheads ratio		6.6%				6.3%			
Combined Ratio	99.4% 98.4%								
Life margin	4.5%				7.7%				

Appendix B: Consolidated balance sheet – Assets

in €m (rounded)	Q1 2009	Q4 2008
Intangible assets	1 457	1 464
Goodwill	787	787
Value of purchased insurance portfolios	600	607
Other intangible assets	69	70
Tangible assets	35	29
Insurance business investments	17 194	16 982
Investment property	283	285
Investments available for sale	6 286	7 220
Investments held-to-maturity	-	-
Investments at fair value through income	153	153
Loans and receivables	10 393	9 309
Derivative instruments	79	15
Investments in associates	58	53
Retrocessionaires' share in technical reserves and financial liabilities	1 303	1 251
Other assets	5 104	4 972
Deferred tax assets	579	446
Assumed insurance and reinsurance accounts receivable	3 114	3 217
Accounts receivable from ceded reinsurance transactions	104	113
Taxes receivable	16	85
Other assets	509	359
Deferred acquisition costs	782	751
Cash and cash equivalents	1 857	1 783
TOTAL ASSETS	27 007	26 534



Appendix B: Consolidated balance sheet – Liabilities & shareholders' equity

in €m (rounded)	Q1 2009	Q4 2008
Group shareholders' equity	3 594	3 410
Minority interests	7	6
Total shareholders' equity	3 601	3 416
Financial liabilities	832	936
Subordinated debt	519	583
Financial debt securities	204	201
Financial debt to entities in the banking sector	110	152
Contingency reserves	108	99
Contract liabilities	20 627	20 240
Technical reserves linked to insurance contracts	20 204	20 029
Liabilities relating to financial contracts	423	211
Other liabilities	1 839	1 843
Deferred tax liabilities	187	215
Derivative instruments	6	10
Assumed insurance and reinsurance accounts payable	113	140
Retrocession accounts payable	1 045	946
Taxes payable	138	192
Other liabilities	351	340
TOTAL LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	27 007	26 534

Appendix B: Consolidated statements of cash flows

in €m (rounded)	Q1 2009	Q1 2008
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT JANUARY 1	1 783	2 052
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	156	53
Cash flows from changes in scope of consolidation	0	0
Cash flows from acquisitions and sale of financial assets	-34	788
Cash flow from acquisitions and disposals of tangible and intangible fixed assets	-3	0
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-37	788
Transactions on treasury shares	-4	-10
Dividends paid	0	0
Cash flows from shareholder transactions	-4	-10
Cash related to issue or reimbursement of financial debt	-73	0
Interest paid on financial debt	-2	-12
Cash flows from financing activities	-75	-12
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-79	-22
Effect of exchange rate variations	35	-58
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT MARCH 31	1 857	2 813



Appendix C: Calculations of EPS, book value per share and ROE

Earnings per share calculation

in €m (rounded)	Q1 2009	Q1 2008	
Net income ⁻¹⁾ (A)	93	133	
Average number of closing shares (1)	184 246 437	182 726 994	
Impact of new shares issued (2)	- 21 259	0	
Time Weighted Treasury Shares (3)	-5 017 363	-3 225 326	
Basic Number of Shares (B) = $(1)+(2)+(3)$	179 207 815	179 501 668	
Basic EPS (A)/(B)	0.52	0.74	

Book value per share calculation

in €m (rounded)	31/03/2009	31/03/2008
Net equity (A)	3 594	3 584
Number of closing shares (1)	184 147 402	182 726 994
Closing Treasury Shares (2)	-5 085 186	-3 658 633
Basic Number of Shares (B) = (1)+(2)	179 062 216	179 068 361
Basic Book Value PS (A)/(B)	20.07	20.01

Post-tax Return on Equity (ROE)

in €m (rounded)	Q1 2009	Q1 2008		
Net income ⁻¹⁾	93	133		
Opening shareholders' equity	3 410	3 615		
Weighted net income-2)	47	67		
Payment of dividends	0	0		
Increase in weighted capital	0	0		
Translation differential-2)	26	-56		
Revaluation reserve and others-2)	20	-25		
Weighted average shareholders' equity	3 502	3 600		
ROE ⁻³⁾	11.1%	15.7%		



- (2- Pro-rata of 50%: linear acquisition throughout the period
- (3- Quarterly return compounded for full year

Appendix D: Net liabilities by segment





Appendix E: Unrealized gains & losses evolution

Unrealized gains & losses

in €m (rounded)

	Q3 2007	Q4 2007	Q1 2008	Q2 2008	Q3 2008	Q4 2008	Q1 2009
Equities	-14	-24	-115	-127	-209	-236	-173
Bonds	-51	-40	-40	-181	-250	-226	-278
Real estates & REITS	122	147	156	141	123	128	113
Total	57	83	1	-167	-336	-334	-338



Appendix E: Investment income development



	Q4 2008 QTD	Q1 2009 QTD
Bonds impairments	-13	-18
Equities impairments	-120	-136
Real estate amortization	-2	-2
Change in depreciation of investment	-137	-156
Realized in real estate	3	3
Realized gains/losses on equities	0	-12
Realized gains on bonds	22	43
Realized losses on REITS	0	-7
Capital gains/losses on sale of investments	25	27
TOTAL capital gains, losses and impairments	-112	-129
Fair Value by Income on securities	-4	-3
US annuities hedges1)	-14	0
Change in fair value of investment (FVI)	-18	-3
FX gains	-4	-4
TOTAL currency gains/losses and FVI	-21	-6



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(1- Fair value by income – includes effects related to equity options used to hedge US equity-linked annuity book. Offset to be found in Life technical result. No net impact and no impact on Life operating margin

Appendix E: Total corporate bond portfolio



By sector/type —		
in €m	Q1 2009	In %
Financials	741	35%
Industrial	75	4%
Communications	151	7%
Utilities	109	5%
Consumer, Non-cyclical	91	4%
Energy	63	3%
Consumer, Cyclical	53	2%
Diversified	45	2%
Basic Materials	34	2%
Technology	23	1%
Subtotal by sector	1 384	65%
Government-guaranteed	460	22%
Covered Bonds	290	13%
Total	2 134	100%





in %. Total € 2.1 billion 7% 3% *EU (Non-UK) North America UK 52% Others*

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By geography

(1- Including Tier 1, Upper Tier 2 and Tier 2 debts for financials Sector and geography definition based on Bloomberg

Appendix E: "Financials" corporate bond portfolio (excluding government-guaranteed and covered bonds)



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By sector in €m (rounded)		
	Q1 2009	In %
Bank	457	62%
Diversified financial services	199	27%
Insurance	62	8%
Real estate	22	3%
Total	741	100%



(1- Including Tier 1, Upper Tier 2 and Tier 2 debts for financials Sector and geography definition based on Bloomberg

Appendix E: Corporate bonds split as of Q1 2009

in €m (rounde	ed)	ААА	АА	A	BBB	Other ⁻¹⁾	Total	Market to Book Value % ⁻²⁾	Amount of Unrealized Gains & Losses
Seniority	Government Guaranteed	383	60	17	0	0	460	100.9%	4
	Covered	238	49	3	0	0	290	100.1%	0
	Senior	33	138	581	208	61	1 020	93.2%	-73
	Subordinated	11	18	165	19	19	232	85.3%	-39
	Hybrid	0	12	48	10	8	78	58.2%	-55
	Convertible	1	2	4	4	3	13	82.7%	-3
	Other	8	9	3	4	17	41	84.0%	-8
Total		673	289	820	244	108	2 134	92.4%	-173

- → More than €0.7 billion (35%) of the corporate bond portfolio are either government guaranteed or covered bonds
- → 48% of the portfolio is in senior bonds, showing strong performance
- → 99% of corporate bonds is level 1 or 2 with prices provided by external service providers no material use of internal models

(1- Bonds rated less than BBB and non-rated
 (2- Market values in the table include allocated accrued interest, but for the calculation of the ratio and also for the URGL (which is in line with accounting) the pure market value excluding accrued interest is used

Appendix E: Structured products in fixed income portfolio as of Q1 2009



- → Credit selection based on underlying issuance quality only €15 million credit enhanced by monoliners
- CDO portfolio has been impacted (losses in subordination) by 2008 credits events but cash flow continues to be strong
- → Total impairment in Q1 2009 € 3.7 million (€ 16 million in 2008)
- → Total unrealized losses at 31/03/09 of €141 million





Appendix E: Structured products split as of Q1 2009

in €m (roundeo	()	ААА	АА	A	BBB	Other ⁻¹⁾	Total	Market to Book Value % ⁻¹⁾	Amount of Unrealized Gains & Loss
ABS	Consumer	79	7	6	3	0	95	96.5%	-4
CDO/PPS	CDO	31	1	0	0	3	35	44.3%	-35
	PPS	14	31	19	0	0	64	79.7%	-16
MBS	Agency	348	3	0	0	2	353	104.6%	14
	Non-agency prime	138	8	1	2	0	149	85.3%	-27
	Alt-A	18	0	0	0	0	18	83.0%	-4
	Subprime	25	2	2	2	0	31	50.4%	-30
CMBS		193	3	0	0	0	196	83.9%	-37
OTHER		6	0	5	0	0	11	78.8%	-3
Total		852	54	32	7	5	951	86.5%	-141

➔ Portfolio maintaining high quality – 90% AAA

- → 100% of structured products is level 1 or 2 with prices provided by external service providers no material use of internal models
- Portfolio continues to deliver expected cash flow, supporting long-term Life liabilities (duration matched)



(1- Bonds rated less than BBB and non-rated

(2- Market values in the table include allocated accrued interest, but for the calculation of the ratio and also for the URGL (which is in line with accounting) the pure market value excluding accrued interest is used

Appendix F: Reconciliation of IFRS asset classification to IR presentation

in €m (rounded) IFRS classification	Cash and short term	Real estate	Alternative investments	Equities	Fixed income	Funds withheld by cedants	Total IFRS
Real estate investments		283					283
AFS - Equities		78	169	645			893
AFS - Fixed income					5 394		5 394
Available-for-sale investments							6 287
FV - Equities			26	10			37
FV - Fixed income					116		116
Investments at fair value through income ⁻¹⁾							153
Loans and receivables	2 702					7 691	10 393
Derivative instruments			79 ⁻²⁾				79
Total insurance business investments							17 195
Cash and cash equivalent	1 857						1 857
Total Assets IR Presentation	4 559	362	274	655	5 510	7 691	19 051

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Appendix G: Definitions of SCOR Global P&C renewals

- Premiums up for renewal: Premiums of all Treaty contracts incepting in April 2008 at the exchange rate as of 31 December 2008
- Cancelled/restructured: Client or SCOR decided to cancel the business/programs and/or to change their programs (e.g. from proportional to non-proportional)
- Underlying volume x price changes: Combined effect of variations in underlying primary volume, in exposures and/or in rates
- → Exposure change: Refers to the change in risk for the SCOR portfolio
- New/restructured: Existing client decided to place new business/programs and/or to change their programs (e.g. from proportional to non-proportional)
- ➔ New clients: Acquisition of new clients
- → Share variation: Client or SCOR decided to reduce or increase the share participation (e.g. SCOR increases share with client X from 10% to 20%)
- Total renewed premiums: Premiums of all Treaty contracts incepting in April 2009 at the exchange rate as of 31 December 2008
- ➔ Gross Underwriting Ratio: For pricing purposes, on an underwriting year basis: the addition of the expected loss ratio and the acquisition costs ratio (cedent's commission and brokerage ratios), excluding internal expenses
- → Net Technical Ratio: On an accounting year basis: the addition of the loss ratio after retrocession and the acquisition costs ratio (cedent's commission and brokerage ratios)
- → Combined Ratio: On an accounting year basis: Net Technical Ratio plus internal expenses



Appendix H: 2009 Forthcoming events



